

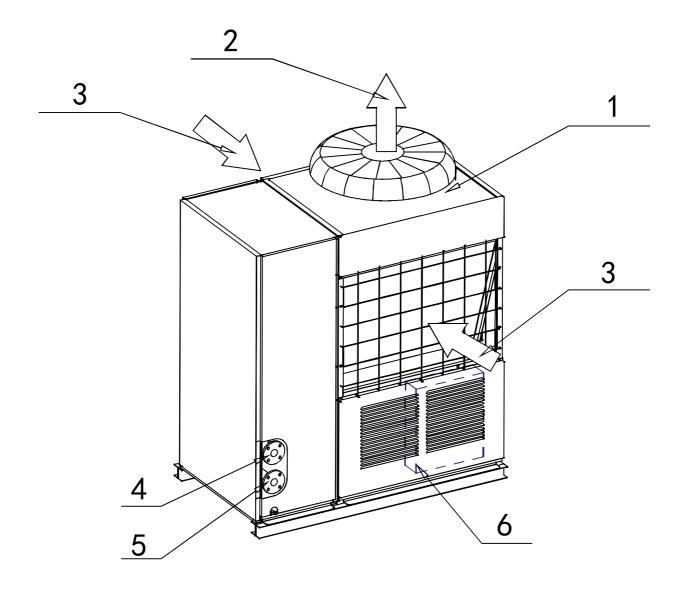
MODULAR CHILLER MUEN-H6

Installation & Owner's manual MUEN-30-H6T





MAIN PARTS OF THE UNIT



NO.	1	2	3	4	5	6
NAME	Top cover	Air outlet	Air inlet	Water outlet	Water inlet	Electric control box

OPERATION & PERFORMANCE

Performance characteristics of the unit

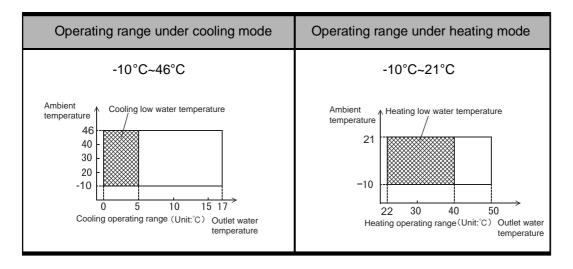
The air-cooled heat pump modular unit is composed of one or more modules. Each module has its own independent electric control unit, and the electric control units of modules conduct information exchange through communication network. The air-cooled heat pump modular unit is characteristics of compact structure and easy transportation and lifting, and in the meanwhile, it also saves facilities, including cooling tower, cooling pump, and so on, for the user, and reduces installation cost.

The units provide central air handling devices or terminal equipment with chilled water or hot water. The unit is a completely independent entirety type one, which is designed to be installed outdoors (on the ground or the roof). Each unit includes such main parts as high-efficient and low-noise scroll compressor, air-cooled condenser, shell and tube (or plate) evaporator, micro-computer control center, and so on. These parts are installed on steel structure base, so they are sound and durable.

The unit applies Chinese micro-computer control system, which can automatically conduct energy control according to the magnitude of load, to achieve optimal matching and thus actually realizing optimal energy-saving operation. The product is modularized unit, and parallel connection of 16 modules can be realized at most, so the user can adopt module combination according his own demands. The product can be widely applied in air-conditioning engineering of various newly-built and rebuilt industrial and civil buildings, such as restaurant, hotel, apartment, office building, hospital, industrial plant, and so on. The air-cooled heat pump modular unit is the best choice for the place which has high requirement in noise and ambient environment and which is short of water.

Use conditions of the unit

- a. The standard voltage of power supply is 380-415V 3N~50Hz, the minimum allowable voltage is 342V, and the maximum voltage is 456V
- b. To maintain better performance, please operate the unit under the following outdoor temperature:



c. The unit is of outlet water temperature control mode

outlet water temperature control—cooling: minimum temperature 5 °C, maximum temperature 17 °C; heating: minimum temperature 40°C, maximum temperature 50 °C.

Low water outlet temperature control—cooling: minimum temperature 0° C, maximum temperature 17° C (under this using condition, the system must be added antifreeze agent); heating: minimum temperature 22° C, maximum temperature 50° C.



To activate low water outlet temperature control should be set the micro-switches on the main PCB (see settings on page 12 of this manual).

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PRECAUTIONS

To prevent injury to the user or other people and property damage, the following instructions must be followed. Incorrect operation due to ignoring of instructions may cause harm or damage.

The safety precautions listed here are divided into two categories. In either case, important safety information is listed which must be read carefully.



WARNING

Failure to observe a warning may result in death.



CAUTION

Failure to observe a caution may result injury or damage to the equipment.



WARNING

- Ask your dealer for installation of the air conditioner. Incomplete installation performed by yourself may result in a water leakage, electric shock, and fire.
- Ask your dealer for improvement, repair, and maintenance. Incomplete improvement, repair, and maintenance may result in a water leakage, electric shock, and fire.
- In order to avoid electric shock, fire or injury, or if you detect any abnormality such as smell of fire, turn off the power supply and call your dealer for instructions.
- Never replace a fuse with that of wrong rated current or other wires when a fuse blows out. Use of wire or copper wire may cause the unit to break down

or cause a fire.

- Do not insert fingers, rods or other objects into the air inlet or
 - When the fan is rotating at high speed, it will cause injury.
- Never use a flammable spray such as hair spray, lacqueror paint near the unit. It may cause a fire.

- Never inspect or service the unit by yourself. Ask a qualified service person to perform this work.
- Do not dispose this product as unsorted municipal waste. Collection of such waste separately for special treatment is necessary.
- Keep far away from high-frequency equipment.
- Keep away from the following places: a place where it is full of oil gas; places where salty air surrounding(near the coast); a place where is caustic gas(the sulfide in hotspring). Location in the folling places may cause malfunction or shorten the life span of the manchine.
- In the cace of extremely strong wind, please prevent the air from flowing backwards into the outdoor unit.
- Snow canopy is necessary in sonwfall places on the outdoor unit. Please consult the local dealer for details.
- In the frequent thunderstruck place, lightning proof actions should be taken.
- To prevent refrigerant leak, contact your dealer. When the system is installed and runs in a small room, it is required to keep the concentration of the refrigerant, if by any chance coming out, below the limit. Otherwise, oxygen in the room may be affected, resulting in a serious accident.
- The refrigerant in the air conditioner is safe and normally does not leak. If the refrigerant leaks in the room, contact with a fire of a

burner, a heater or a cooker may result in a harmful gas.

Turn off any combustible heating devices, ventilate the room, and contact the dealer where you purchased the unit. Do not use the air conditioner until a service person confirms that the portion where the refrigerant leaks is repaired.



CAUTION

- Do not use the air conditioner for other purposes. In order to avoid any quality deterioration, do not use the unit for cooling precision instruments, food, plants, animals or works of art.
- Before cleaning, be sure to stop the operation, turn the breaker off or pull out the supply cord. Otherwise, an electric shock and injury may result.
- In order to avoid electric shock or fire, make sure that an earth leak detector is installed.
- Be sure the air conditioner is grounded. In order to avoid electric shock, make sure that the unit is grounded and that the earth wire is not connected to gas or water pipe, lightning conductor or telephone earth wire.
- In order to avoid injury, do not remove the fan guard of the outdoor unit.
- Do not operate the air conditioner with a wet hand. An electric shock may happen.
- Do not touch the heat exchanger fins. These fins are sharp and could result in cutting injuries.

- After a long use, check the unit stand and fitting for damage. If damaged, the unit may fall and result in injury.
- To avoid oxygen deficiency, ventilate the room sufficiently if equipment with burner is used together with the air conditioner.
- Arrange the drain hose to ensure smooth drainage. Incomplete drainage may cause wetting of the building, furniture etc.
- Never expose little children, plants or animals directly to the air flow.
 - Adverse influence to little children, animals and plants may result.
- Notice to avoid places where operation noise may easily be spread away or be enhanced.
- Noise can be amplified by anything blocking the air outlet of outdoor unit.
- Choose a proper place that the noise and hot or cold wind blown out of the outdoor unit will not bring inconvenience to your neighbors and not affect the growth or animal or plant.
- Recommending locate and operate the equipment at the altitude height not exceeded than 1000m.

- Endurable temperature during transportation is -25°C~55°C. Such equipment could endure 70°C of the maximum temperature in 24hrs.
- Do not allow a child to mount on the outdoor unit or avoid placing any object on it.
 Falling or tumbling may result in injury.
- Do not operate the air conditioner when using a room fumigation - type insecticide.
 Failure to observe could cause the chemicals to become deposited in the unit, which could endanger the health of those who are hypersensitive to chemicals.
- Do not place appliances which produce open fire in places exposed to the air flow from the unit or under the indoor unit. It may cause incomplete combuston or deformation of the unit due to the heat.
- Do not install the air conditioner at any place where flammable gas may leak out.
 If the gas leaks out and stays around the air conditioner, a fire may break out.
- The appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm persons withoutsupervision.
- Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

2. TRANSPORTATION

■ Handling of the unit

The angle of inclination should not be more than 15° when carrying the unit, to avoid overturn of the unit.

a. Rolling handling: several rolling rods of the same size are placed under the base of the unit, and the length of each rod must be more than the outer frame of the base and suitable for balancing of the unit.

b. Lifting: the strength lifting rope (belt) can bear should be 4 times the weight of the unit. Check the lifting hook and ensure that it is firmly attached to the unit, and the lifting angle should be more than 60°. To avoid damages to the unit, the contact position of the unit and lifting rope should be provided with an at least 50mm thick wood block, cloth or hard paper. Any person is not allowed to stand below the unit when lifting it.

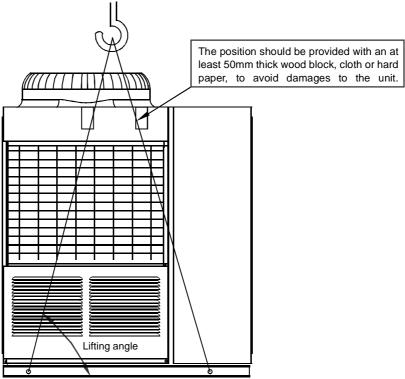


Fig. 2-1 Lifting of the unit

3. INSTALLATION OF THE UNIT

3.1 Selection of installation sites

- 3.1.1 The unit can be installed on the ground or on the suitable roof, but enough ventilation volume should be ensured in both cases.
- 3.1.2 The unit should not be installed where noise and vibration are required to a certain extent.
- 3.1.3 The installed unit should be sheltered from direct sunlight as much as possible, and be far away from boiler flues and ambient air which may erode condenser coils and copper tube parts of the unit.
- 3.1.4 If the installed unit can be approached by unauthorized persons, safety measures of isolation should be taken, such as rail guards. These measures will avoid artificial damages and accidental damages, and prevent the control boxes from being opened leading to exposure of electric components in operation.
- 3.1.5 The height of the installation foundation for the unit should not be less than 300mm, and floor drains are required in installation sites, to ensure smooth drainage and remove any seeper.
- 3.1.6 In case of installation on the ground, the steel base of the unit should be located on the concrete foundation, and the concrete plinth should extend below frozen soil layer. The foundation of the unit should not be connected to the foundation of the building, to avoid affecting the people due to transfer of noise and vibration. The base of the unit is provided with installation holes, which can be used to connect the unit and the foundation firmly.
- 3.1.7 In case of installation on the roof, the roof must possess enough strength to sustain weight of the unit and maintenance personnel. The unit can be supported on concrete foundations or channel steel frames similar to those used in the unit installation on the ground. The load-bearing channel steel must be in alignment with the installation holes of the unit damper, and the channel steel should possess enough width for installing the damper.
- 3.1.8 Consult the building contractor, the architectural designer or other specialists about the cases with special installation requirements.

3.2 Outline dimensional drawing (unit:mm)

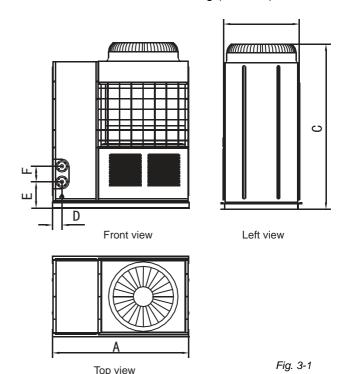


Table 3.1

Model	Α	В	C	D	Е	F	G
MUEN-30-H6T	1514	841	1865	100	317	874	200

NOTE

The selected installation site of the unit should facilitate connection of water pipes and wires, and be free from water inlet of oil fume, steam or other heat sources. Besides, the noise of the unit and cold and hot air should not influence the surrounding environment.

₽ NOTE

- After installing the spring damper, the total height of the unit will increase by 135mm or so.
- The ports of inlet and outlet pipes should be flange ports, and flanges should be hubbed slip-on-welding steel pipe flanges.

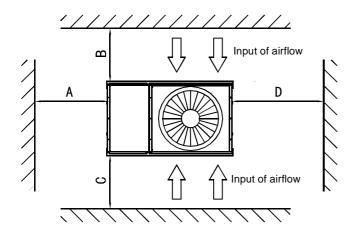
3.3 Requirements of arrangement space of the unit

3.3.1 Requirements of arrangement space of the unit

3.3.1.1 To ensure adequate airflow entering the condenser, the influence of descending airflow caused by the high-rise buildings around upon the unit should be taken into account when installing the unit.

3.3.1.2 If the unit is installed where the flowing speed of air is high, such as on the exposed roof, the measures including sunk fence and Persian blinds can be taken, to prevent the turbulent flow from disturbing the air entering the unit. If the unit needs to be provided with sunk fence, the height of the latter should not be more than that of the former; if Persian blinds are required, the total loss of static pressure should be less than the static pressure outside the fan. The space between the unit and sunk fence or Persian blinds should also meet the requirement of the minimum installation space of the unit.

3.3.1.3 If the unit needs to operate in winter, and the installation site may be covered by snow, the unit should be located higher than the snow surface, to ensure that air flows through the coils smoothly.



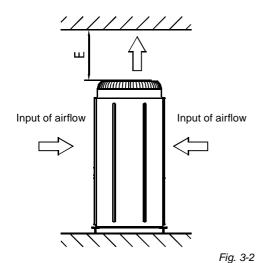


Table 3-2

Installation space (mm)				
A ≥1200				
В	≥1200			
С	≥1200			
D	≥1200			
E	≥2000			

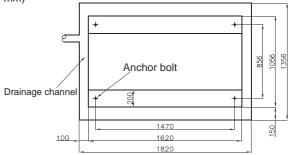
3.4 Space requirements for parallel installation of multiple modular units

To avoid back flow of the air in the condenser and operational faults of the unit, the parallel installation of multiple modular units can follow the direction A and D as shown in Fig. 3-2, the spaces between the unit and the obstacle are given in Table 3.1, and the space between adjacent modular units should not be less than 300mm; the installation can also follow the direction B and C as shown in Fig. 3-2, the spaces between the unit and the obstacle are given in Table 3-1, and the space between adjacent modular units should not be less than 600mm; the installation can also follow the direction combination of A and D, and B and C, the spaces between the unit and the obstacle are given in Table 3-1, the space between adjacent modular units in the direction A and D should not be less than 300mm, and the space between adjacent modular units in the direction B and C should not be less than 600mm. If the spaces mentioned above cannot be met, the air passing from the unit to the coils may be restricted, or back flow of air discharge may occur, and the performance of the unit may be affected, or the unit may fail to operate.

3.5 Installation foundation

- a. The unit should be located on the horizontal foundation, the ground floor or the roof which can bear operating weight of the unit and the weight of maintenance personnel. Refer to Table 9.1 (Table of applicable models and parameters) for operating weight.
- b. If the unit is located so high that it is inconvenient for maintenance personnel to conduct maintenance, the suitable scaffold can be provided around the unit.
- c. The scaffold must be able to bear the weight of maintenance personnel and maintenance facilities.
- d. The bottom frame of the unit is not allowed to be embedded into the concrete of installation foundation.

3.5.1 Location drawing of installation foundation of the unit: (unit: mm)



Schematic diagram of installation dimension of the unit

Fig. 3-3

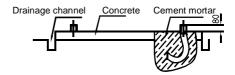


Fig. 3-4

3.6 Installation of damping devices

3.6.1 Damping devices must be provided between the unit and its foundation.

By means of the Φ 15mm diameter installation holes on the steel frame of the unit base, the unit can be fastened on the foundation through the spring damper. See Fig.3-3(Schematic diagram of installation dimension of the unit) for details about center distance of the installation holes. The damper does not go with the unit, and the user can select the damper according to the relevant requirements. When the unit is installed on the high roof or the area sensitive to vibration, please consult the relevant persons before selecting the damper.

3.6.2 Installation steps of the damper

Step 1. Make sure that the flatness of the concrete foundation is within ±3mm, and then place the unit on the cushion block.

Step 2. Raise the unit to the height suitable for installation of the damping device.

c. Remove the clamp nuts of the damper.

Step 3. Place the unit on the damper, and align the fixing bolt holes of the damper with the fixing holes on the unit base

Step 4. Return the clamp nuts of the damper to the fixing holes on the unit base, and tighten them into the damper. Step 5. Adjust the operational height of the damper base, and screw down the leveling bolts. Tighten the bolts by one circle to ensure equal height adjustment variance of the damper.

Step 6. The lock bolts can be tightened after the correct operational height is reached.

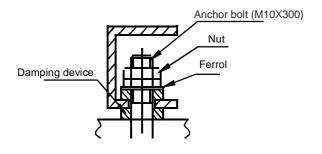


Fig. 3-5

NOTE

It is recommended that the damper should be fastened on the foundation with the provided holes. After the unit is placed on the foundation, the damper connected with the unit should not be moved, and the central clamp nut is not allowed to be tightened before the damper sustains load.

4. WATER SYSTEM INSTALLATION

4.1 Basic requirements of connection of chilled water pipes



CAUTION

- After the unit is in place, chilled water pipes can be laid.
- The relevant installation regulations should be abided with when conducting connection of water pipes.
- The pipelines should be free of any impurity, and all chilled water pipes must conform to local rules and regulations of pipeline engineering.
 - Connection requirements of chilled water pipes
 - a. All chilled water pipelines should be thoroughly flushed, to be free of any impurity, before the unit is operated. Any impurity should not be flushed to or into the heat exchanger.
 - b. Water must enter the heat exchanger through the inlet; otherwise the performance of the unit will decline.
- c. The inlet pipe of the evaporator must be provided with a target flow controller, to realize flow-break protection for the unit. Both ends of the target flow controller must be supplied with horizontal straight pipe sections whose diameter is 5 times that of the inlet pipe. The target flow controller must be installed in strict accordance with "Installation & Regulation Guide for Target Flow Controller" (Figure 4.3~4.4). The wires of the target flow controller should be led to the electric cabinet through shielded cable (see Electric Controlling Schematic Diagram for details). The working pressure of the target flow controller is 1.0MPa, and its interface is 1 inch in diameter. After the pipelines are installed, the target flow controller will be set properly according to the rated water flow of the unit.
- d. The pump installed in the water pipeline system should be equipped with starter. The pump will directly press water into the heat exchanger of the water system.
- e. The pipes and their ports must be independently supported but should not be supported on the unit.
- f. The pipes and their ports of the heat exchanger should be easy to disassemble for operation and cleaning, as well as inspection of port pipes of the evaporator.
- g. The evaporator should be provided with a filter with more than 40 meshes per inch at site. The filter should be installed near to the inlet port as much as possible, and be under heat preservation.
- h. The by-pass pipes and by-pass valves as shown in Fig. 4-1 must be mounted for the heat exchanger, to facilitate cleaning of the outside system of water passage before the unit is adjusted. During maintenance, the water passage of the heat exchanger can be cut off without disturbing other heat exchangers.
- i. The flexible ports should be adopted between the interface of the heat exchanger and on-site pipeline, to reduce transfer of vibration to the building.
- j. To facilitate maintenance, the inlet and outlet pipes should be provided with thermometer or manometer. The unit is not equipped with pressure and temperature instruments, so they need to be purchased by the user.
- k. All low positions of the water system should be provided with drainage ports, to drain water in the evaporator and the system completely; and all high positions should be supplied with discharge valves, to facilitate expelling air from the pipeline. The discharge valves and drainage ports should not be under heat preservation to facilitate maintenance.

- I. All possible water pipes in the system to be chilled should be under heat preservation, including inlet pipes and flanges of the heat exchanger.
- m. The outdoor chilled water pipelines should be wrapped with an auxiliary heating belt for heat preservation, and the material of the auxiliary heat belt should be PE, EDPM, etc., with thickness of 20mm, to prevent the pipelines from freezing and thus cracking under low temperature. The power supply of the heating belt should be equipped with an independent fuse.
- n. When the ambient temperature is lower than 2°C, and the unit will be not used for a long time, water inside the unit should be drained. If the unit is not drained in winter, its power supply should not be cut off, and the fan coils in the water system must be provided with three-way valves, to ensure smooth circulation of the water system when the anti-freezing pump is started up in winter.

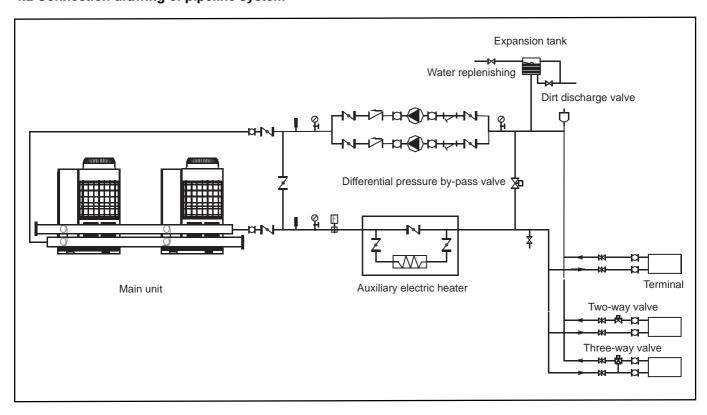
o. The common outlet pipelines of combined units should be provided with mixing water temperature sensor.



WARNING

- For the water pipeline network including filters and heat exchangers, dreg or dirt may seriously damages the heat exchangers and water pipes.
- The installation persons or the users must ensure the quality of chilled water, and de-icing salt mixtures and air should be excluded from the water system, since they may oxidize and corrode steel parts inside the heat exchanger.

4.2 Connection drawing of pipeline system



Symbol explanation						
Stop valve	Pressure gauge	Water flow switch	₩ Gate valve	☐ Flexible joint		
Y-shaped filter	Thermometer	Circulating pump	Check valve	Automatic discharge valve		

Fig. 4-1

4.3 Design of the tank in the system

■ kW is the unit for cooling capacity and L is the unit for G water flow in the formula counting the minimum water flow. Comfortable type air conditioner G= cooling capacity×2.6L

process type air cooling G= cooling capacity×7.4L

■ In certain occasion (especially in manufacture cooling process), for conforming the system water content requirement, it's necessary to mount a tank equipping with a cut-off baffle at the system to avoid water short-circuit, Please see the following schemes:

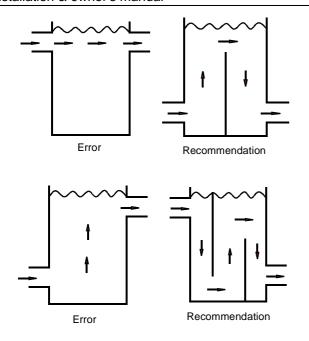


Fig.4-2

4.4 Selection and installation of the pump

4.4.1 Select the pump

a. Select the water-flow of the pump

The rated water-flow must no less than the unit rated water-flow; in terms of multi-connect the units, that water-flow must no less than total units' rated water-flow.

b. Select the left of the pump.

H=h1+h2+h3+h4

H: The lift of the pump.

h1: Main unit water resistance.

h2: Pump water resistance.

h3: Water resistance of the longest water-loop distance, includes: pipe resistance, different valve's resistance, flexible pipe resistance, pipe elbow and three-way resistance, two-way resistance or three-way resistance, as well as filter resistance.

H4: the longest terminal resistance.

4.4.2 Installation the pump

- a. The pump should be installed at the water inlet pipe, both of which sides must mount the soft connectors for vibration-proof.
- b. The backup pump for the system (recommended).
- c. Units must with a main unit controls (Please see Fig. 5-3 for the controls wiring diagram).

4.5 Water quality control

4.5.1 Water quality control

When industrial water is used as chilled water, little furring may occur; however, well water or river water, used as chilled water, may cause much sediment, such as furring, sand, and so on. Therefore, well water or river water must be filtered and softened in softening water equipment before flowing into chilled water system. If sand and clay settle in the evaporator, circulation of chilled water may be blocked, and thus leading to freezing accidents; if hardness of chilled water is too high, furring may occur easily, and the devices may be corroded. Therefore, the quality of chilled water should be analyzed before being used, such as PH value, conductivity, concentration of chloride ion, concentration of sulfide ion, and so on.

4.5.2 Applicable standard of water quality for the unit

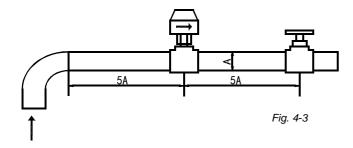
Table 4-1

PH value	7~8.5	
Total hardness	<50ppm	
Conductivity	<200µV/cm (25°C)	
Sulfide ion	No	
Chloride ion	<50ppm	
Ammonia ion	No	
Sulfate ion	<50ppm	
Silicon	<30ppm	
Iron content	<0.3ppm	
Sodium ion	No requirement	
Calcium ion	<50ppm	

4.6 Installation & regulation guide for target flow controller

- 4.6.1 Please carefully check flow switches before conducting installation of the target flow controller. Packing should be in good condition, and the appearance should be free of damage and deformation. If any problem, please contact the manufacturer.
- 4.6.2 Flow switches can be installed in the horizontal pipeline or the vertical pipeline with upward flowing direction but cannot be mounted in the pipeline with downward flowing direction. The inlet water of gravity should be taken into account when flow switches are installed in the pipeline with upward flowing direction.
- 4.6.3 Target flow controller must be installed on a section of straight-line pipeline, and its both ends must be supplied with straight-line pipes whose length is at least 5 times diameter of the pipe. In the meanwhile, the fluid flowing direction in the pipeline must be consistent with the direction of arrow on the controller. The connection terminal should be located where wiring connectioncan be easily done.
- 4.6.4 Pay attention to the following items when conducting installation and wire connection:
 - Collision of the wrench with the soleplate of the flow switch is prohibited, since such collision may cause deformation and failure of the flow switch.
 - b. To avoid electric shock and damages to the devices, the power supply should be cut off, when wires are connected or adjustment is done.
 - c. When wiring connection is conducted, adjustment of other screws except connection terminals of micro switches and ground screws is prohibited. In the meanwhile, over great force should not applied when wires of micro switches are connected, otherwise micro switches may suffer displacement, thus leading to failure of flow switches.
 - d. Special grounding screws should be used for earth connection. Bolts should not be installed or removed at will; otherwise flow switches may suffer deformation and failure.
 - e. Flow switches have been set at minimal flow value prior to ex-factory. They should not be adjusted below the ex-factory setting value, or they may suffer failure. After installing flow switches, please press the flow switch lever several times to check them. When the lever is found not to respond with "clatter", rotate the screw in a clockwise direction, until "clatter" occurs.

- f. Be sure to determine the model of target slice according to the rated flow of the unit, the diameter of the outlet pipe and the adjustment range of the target slice of the flow switch. Besides, the target slice should not contact with other restrictors in the pipeline or on the inner wall of the pipeline, or the flow switch cannot be reset normally.
- 4.6.5 Determine whether the flow switch and the system connected with it are in good operation according to the measured value by flow meter, namely, when the measured value on flow meter is less than 60% of rated water flow of the unit, the target flow controller should be cut off and observed for 3 working periods, and it should be covered with flow switch shell timely.
- Schematic diagram of target flow controller(see Fig.4-3 Table4-2)



4.7 Installation of single-module water system pipe-

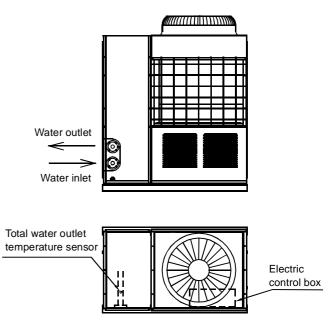
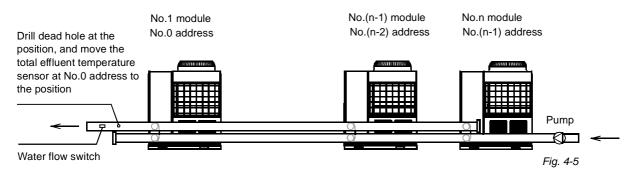


Fig. 4-4

4.8 Installation of multi-module water system pipeline

Multi-module combination installation involves special design of the unit, so relevant explanation is given as follows.

4.8.1 Installation mode of multi-module combination water system pipeline



4.8.2 Table of diameter parameters of main inlet and outlet pip

Table 4-2

Unit model x quantity	Total inlet and outlet water pipe inside nominal diameter	Unit model x quantity	Total inlet and outlet water pipe inside nominal diameter
30×1	40mm	30×9	
30×2	4011111	30×10	100mm
30×3		30×11	
30×4	65mm	30×12	
30×5		30×13	
30×6		30×14	125mm
30×7	80mm	30×15	
30×8		30×16	



CAUTION

Please pay attention to the following items when installing multiple modules:

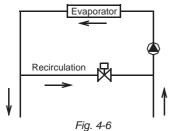
- Each module corresponds to an address code which cannot be repeated.
- Main water outlet temperature sensing bulb, target flow controller and auxiliary electric heater are under control of the main module.
- One wired controller and one target flow controller are required and connected on the main module.
- The unit can be started up through the wired controller only after all addresses are set and the aforementioned items are determined. The wired controller is ≤500m away from the outdoor unit.

4.9 Minimum chilled water flow

The minimum chilled water flow is shown in the table 4-3.

If the system flow is less than the minimum unit flow rate, the evaporator flow can be recirculated, as shown in the diagram.

For minimum chilled water flow rate

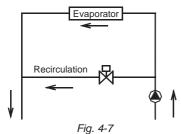


4.10 Maximum chilled water flow

The maximum chilled water flow is limited by the permitted pressure drop in the evaporator. It is provided in the table 4-3.

If the system flow is more than the maximum unit flow rate, bypass the evaporator as shown in the diagram to obtain a lower evaporator flow rate.

For maximum chilled water flow rate



4.11 Minimum and Maximum water flow rates

5. ELECTRIC WIRING

5.1 Electric wiring



CAUTION

- 1. The air-conditioner should apply special power supply, whose voltage should conform to rated voltage.
- 2. Wiring construction must be conducted by the professional technicians according to the labeling on the circuit diagram.
- 3. The power wire and the grounding wire must be connected the suitable terminals.
- 4. The power wire and the grounding wire must be fasten up by suitable tools.
- 5. The terminals connected the power wire and the grounding wire must be fully fastened and regularly checked, in case to become flexible.
- 6. Only use the electric components specified by our company, and require installation and technical services from the manufacturer or authorized dealer. If wiring connection fails to conform to electric installation norm, failure of the controller, electronic shock, and so on may be caused.
- 7. The connected fixed wires must be equipped with full switching-off devices with at least 3mm contact separation.
- Set leakage protective devices according to the requirements of national technical standard about electric equipment.
- 9. After completing all wiring construction, conduct careful check before connecting the power supply.
- 10. Please carefully read the labels on the electric cabinet.
- 11. The user's attempt to repair the controller is prohibited, since improper repair may cause electric shock, damages to the controller, and so on. If the user has any requirement of repair, please contact the maintenance center.

5.2 Power supply specification

Table 5-1

Item	Outdoor power supply				
Model	Power supply	Manual switch	Fuse	Wiring	
MUEN-30-H6T	380-415V 3N~50Hz	50A	36A	10mm² (<30m)	

5.3 Requirements of wiring connection

- 5.3.1 No additional control components are required in the electric cabinet (such as relay, and so on), and the power supply and control wires not connected with the electric cabinet are not allowed to go through the electric box. Otherwise, electromagnetic interference may cause failure of the unit and control components and even damages to them, which thus lead to protective failure.
- 5.3.2 All cables led to the electric box should be supported independently but by the electric box.
- 5.3.3 The strong current wires generally pass the electric box, and 220-240V alternating current may also pass the control board, so wiring connection should conform to the principle of separation of strong current and weak current, and the wires of power supply should be kept more than 100 mm away from the control wires.
- 5.3.4 Only use 380-415V 3N~50Hz rated power supply for the unit, and the maximum allowable range of voltage is 342V~456V.
 All electric wires must conform to local wiring connection
- 5.3.5 norm. The suitable cables should be connected to power supply terminal through wiring connection holes at the bottom of the electric cabinet. According to Chinese standard, the user is responsible for providing voltage and current protection for the input power supply of the unit.

5.3.6 All power supplies connected to the unit must pass one manual switch, to ensure that the voltages on all nodes of electric circuit of the unit are released when the switch is cut off. 5.3.7 The cables of correct specification must be used to supply power for the unit. The unit should use independent power supply, and the unit is not allowed to use the same power supply together with other electric devices, to avoid over-load danger. The fuse or manual switch of the power supply should be compatible with working voltage and current of the unit. In case of parallel connection of multiple modules, the requirements of wiring connection mode and configuration parameters for the unit are shown in the following figure.

5.3.8 Some connection ports in the electric box are switch signals, for which the user needs to provide power, and the rated voltage of the power should be 220-240VAC. The user must be aware that all power supplies they provided should be obtained through power circuit breakers (provided by the user), to ensure that all voltages on the nodes of the provided power supply circuit are released when the circuit breakers are cut off. 5.3.9 All inductive components provided by the user (such as coils of contactor, relay, and so on) must be suppressed with standard resistance-capacitance suppressors, to avoid electromagnetic interference, thus leading to failure of the unit

and its controller and even damages to them.
5.3.10 All weak current wires led to the electric box must apply shielded wires, which must be provided with grounding wires. The shield wires and power supply wires should be laid separately, to avoid electromagnetic interference.

5.3.11 The unit must be provided with grounding wires, which are not allowed to be connected with the grounding wires of gas fuel pipelines, water pipelines, lightning conductors or telephones. Improper earth connection may cause electric shock, so please check whether earth connection of the unit is firm or not frequently.

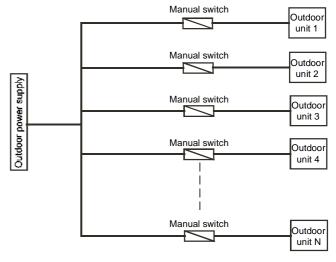


Fig. 5-1



NOTE

Only 16 modular units can be combined at most.

5.4 Wiring steps

Step 1. Check the unit and ensure that it is connected with grounding wires correctly, to avoid leakage, and the grounding devices should be mounted in strict accordance with the requirements of electrical engineering rules. The grounding wires can prevent electric shock.

Step 2. The control box of the main power switch must be mounted in a proper position.

Step 3. Wiring connection holes of the main power should be provided with glue cushion.

Step 4. The main power and neutral wires and grounding wires of power supply are led into the electric box of the unit.

Step 5. The wires of the main power must pass the bonding clamp. Step 6. Wires should be connected firmly to the connection terminals L1, L2, L3, N and PE.

Step 7. Phase sequences must be consistent when the wires of the main power.

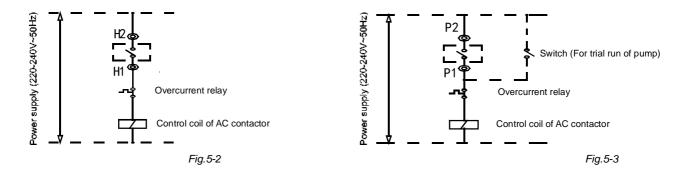
Step 8. The main power should be located out of easy reach of non-professional maintenance personnel, to avoid mal-operation and improve safety.

Step 9. Connection of control wires of water flow switches: the wire leads (prepared by the user) of water flow switches are connected to the connection terminals W1 and W2 of the main unit.

Step 10. Connection of control wires of auxiliary electric heaters: the control wires of AC contactor of the auxiliary electric heater must pass the connection terminals H1 and H2 of the main unit, as shown in Fig. 5-2.

Step 11. Connection of control wires of pump: the control wires of AC contactor of the pump must pass the connection terminals P1 and P2 of the main unit, as shown in Fig. 5-3.

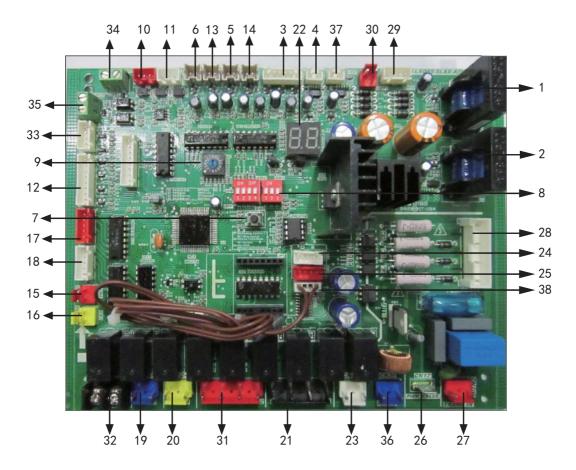
Step 12. The connection way of the wire controller connects with every signal wires from package units: signal wires P, Q, E are connected in the same way of main wires connection method and accordingly connect to the terminals P, Q, E in the wire controller.



5.5 Electric control schematic diagram of the unit

5 5 1 Electric control diagram of the main unit and subordinate units (see Attached Drawing (I))

5.5.2 Indicating diagram of electric control of main control board (see Fig.5-4



The picture is for reference only, refer to the actual board.

Fig.5-4

5.6 Detail description for parts (fig. 5-4)

Table 5-2

No.	Detail information						
1	Detection of current of the compressor A (protection compressor A)	ode P4)					
2	Detection of current of the compressor B (protection code P5) Current is not detected within the initial 5 seconds after the compressor is started up. When the current of the compressor is detected to exceed protective value setor constant speed compressor), it will be shut down and re-started after some minutes.						
3	T4: outdoor ambient temperature sensor (fault code E7) T3B: pipe temperature sensor of the condenser B (fault code E6 and protection code P7) T3A: pipe temperature sensor of the condenser A (fault code E5 and protection code P6) 1) T4: if there is one system that requires starting outdoor fans, the fans are started through electric control of the unit. Start outdoor fan A only, start A and B gears, and control the unit through T4. 2) T3B and T3A: when the electric control of the modular unit detects the temperature of the outdoor pipe T3A or T3B of the system exceeds the protective temperature 65° C, the corresponding system will be shut down. And it will be re-started up, after the temperature drops below the recovery temperature 60° C. Another system will be not affected. 3) T4, T3B and T3A: when the temperature sensor is detected to suffer open circuit or short circuit, fault alarm will occur. • When the main unit suffer fault of temperature sensor: the main unit and subordinate units will be shut down. • When the subordinate unit suffer fault of temperature sensor: the unit will be shut down, but other subordinate units will not be affected.						
5	Unit outlet water temperature sensor (fault code E4) Under refrigeration mode and heating mode, conduct adjustment according to the magnitude of unit outlet water temperature. Adjustment range of constant speed capability: ON and OFF.						
6	Total outlet water temperature sensor (fault code E3) Only the main unit is valid, and the subordinate units are invalid. Under refrigerating mode and heating mode, conduct adjustment according to the magnitude of total outlet watertemperature. Adjustment range: Load, stabilize, unload, Emergency Stop.						
7	Spot check. The operating status of outdoor system can be observed through spot check, and specific display contents are as shown in the following figure: Normal display Operating mode→Operating capability of the compressor B→Number of online units→Outdoor ambient temp.→Temp. of the condenser A T61 frost-proof temp ←Unit outlet water temp ← Unit inlet-water temp ← Temp. of the condenser B ← TXV opening A →TXV opening B →Operating current of system A →Operating current of system B →The last failure • Display contents of "operating mode": 1. cooling; 2. heating; 4. pump; 8. Stand-by • Display contents of "number of online units": the main unit can display the number of online units, and the						
8	subordinate unit displays 0. Factory setting SW 2 SW 3 OFF 1 2 3 4 S5 S7 58 59 S2 S3 S4 S5 S7 58 59	Mode Cooling(S5 address) Heating(S4 address) Default(OFF) Low water temp.(ON) Default (OFF) Low water temp. (ON)		Outlet water temp. 5~17°C 0~17°C 40-50°C 22~50°C			
	Remote setting Control only with wire control (OFF) Remote (S7 add.)	Cooling	(S8 address OFF)	Ambient temp. 10~46°C			
	With remote function (ON)	Low temp	o. (S8 address ON)	-10~46℃			
	Note: S2, S3 and S9 have reserved function.						

No.	Detail information							
9	C B A 9 8 7 ADDRESS F 0 1 C B Wh is 1 ser sub	nen the dress is 0, it eves as the in unit. een the address 1,2,3F, it eves as the bordinate unit 1,315.	Each modular part of modular unit has the same electric control function, and the main unit and subordinate units can be set through address code on the electric control board. The address code 0 # is provided as the main unit. The priority of being the main unit is given to the unit with digital compressor, and other addresses are subordinate units. Only the unit is chosen as the main unit, its electric control can activate such functions as direct communication with the wired controller, refrigerating and heating capability adjustment, pump control, auxiliary electric heater control, total effluent temperature detection and water flow switch detection.					
10	COM (O) 485 communication port (fault code E2)							
11	COM (I) 485 communication port (fault code E2) COM (O) is interconnected with P, Q and E of COM (I), used for RS-485 communication. 1) If faults occur between the wired controller and the main unit module, all modules will be shut down. 2) If faults occur between the main unit and subordinate units, the subordinate unit module suffering communication fault will be shut down. Less units will be detected by the wired controller, which may display EC, and in the meanwhile, the indicator lamp of the wired controller will flash. estart 3 minutes later after malfunction be removed.							
12	high-pressure protection of the system A and discharge temperature switch protection (protection code P0); high-pressure protection of the system B and discharge temperature switch protection (protection code P2); low-pressure protection of the system A (protection code P1); low-pressure protection of the system B (protection code P3); Constant speed compressor: connection of discharge temperature switch and high-pressure switch of the system in series.							
13	Inlet water temperature sensor (fault code EF)							
14	Shell and tube low-temperatu	re ant-freeze sensor (fa	ault code Eb)					
15	Water flow detection (fault code of the main unit E9) is only valid for the main unit but invalid for subordinate units. 1) Main unit: if abnormal water flow occurs, the main unit board and the wired controller will display fault code E9. 2) Subordinate unit: (water flow detection will not be done).							
16	Power phase detection (fault of	code E1)						
17	Electronic expansion valve of	the system B						
18	Electronic expansion valve of Electronic expansion valve is		ant flow under different operating modes and different loads.					
19	power supply, so special atter Attention! Under heating mode, when th switch will be closed, and the	ntion should be paid when the main unit board detection auxiliary electric heater	eater actually detected is ON/OFF but not 220-230V control en installing the auxiliary electric heater. ets total water outlet temperature to be lower than 45°C, the will begin to work; when the total water outlet temperature e auxiliary electric heater will stop working.					

No.	Detail information
20	PUMP. Attention: the control port value of the pump actually detected is ON/OFF but not 220-230V control power supply, so special attention should be paid when installing the pump. 1) After receiving start-up instruction, the pump will be started up instantly, and will maintain start-up state always in the process of operation. 2) In case of refrigerating or heating shutdown, the pump will be shut down 2 minutes after all modules stop operating. 3) In case of shutdown under the pump mode, the pump can be directly shut down.
21	One compressor of the system B(B1); Neutral wire; One compressor of the system A(A1); Neutral wire.
22	Numerical code tube. 1) In case of stand-by, the address of the module is displayed; 2) In case of normal operation, 10. is displayed (10 is followed by dot). 3) In case of fault or protection, fault code or protection code is displayed.
23	Four-way valve of the system B; Neutral wire.
24	Outdoor fan A, controlled by T4.
25	Outdoor fan B, controlled by T4.
26	PWM pressure relif valve control(for digital compressor)
27	Input of transformer, 220-230V AC current. (only valid for the main unit)
28	Input of three-phase four-wire power supply (fault code E1) Three phases A, B and C of power supply should exist simultaneously, and the difference of phase angle should be 120° among them. If the conditions are not met, fault of phase sequence or phase lack may occur, and fault code will be displayed. When the power supply returns to normal condition, fault is removed. Attention: phase lace and phase dislocation of power supply are detected only in the early period after the power supply is connected, and they are not detected while the unit is in operation.
29	Output of transformer
30	Power port for the current board
31	One compressor of the system B(B2); Neutral wire; One compressor of the system A(A2); Neutral wire.
32	The alarm signal output of the unit(ON/OFF signal)
33	Anti-freezing pressure protection of the system A(protection code Pc) Anti-freezing pressure protection of the system B(protection code Pd)
34	Remote control port(ON/OFF signal,effect on NO.0 unit) 1. Dial the code S7 in the main control board to the "ON" position and enter to the remote control mode (the wire controller is invalid) 2. If the port is closed,the unit is turned on,else,the unit is turned off.
35	Remote mode control port(ON/OFF signal,effect on NO.0 unit) 1. Dial the code S7 in the main control board to the "ON" position and enter to the remote control mode (the wire controller is invalid) 2. First,the ON/OFF port is closed,second,if this port is closed,the unit enters the heating mode,else,the unit enters the cooling mode.
36	Four-way valve of the system A; Neutral wire.
37	Detection of current of the compressor B2 (protection code P5)
38	Plate heat exchanger heater/Pump heater port(DC 12V signal).



CAUTION

1. Faults

When the main unit suffers faults, the main unit stops operating, and all other units also stop running;

When the subordinate unit suffers faults, only the unit stops operating, and other units are not affected.

2. Protection

When the main unit is under protection, only the unit stops operating, and other units keep running;

When the subordinate unit is under protection, only the unit stops operating, and other units are not affected.

6. TRIAL RUN

6.1 Points for attention prior to trial run

- After the water system pipeline is flushed several times, please make sure that the purity of water meets the requirements; the system is re-filled with water and drained, and the pump is started up, then make sure that water flow and the pressure at the outlet meet the requirements.
- 6.1.2 The unit is connected to the main power 12 hours before being started up, to supply power to the heating belt and pre-heat the compressor. Inadequate pre-heating may cause damages to the compressor.
- 6.1.3 Setting of the wired controller. See details of the manual concerning setting contents of the controller, including such basic settings as refrigerating and heating mode, manual adjustment and automatic adjustment mode and pump mode. Under normal circumstances, the parameters are set around standard operating conditions for trial run, and extreme working conditions should be prevented as much as possible.
- 6.1.4 Carefully adjust the target flow controller on the water system or the inlet stop valve of the unit, to make the water flow of the system be 90% of the water flow specified in Table 7-1.

6.2 Check item table after installation

Table 6-1

Checking item	Description	Yes	No
	Units are fixed mounting on level base.		
	Ventilating space for heat exchanger at the air side is meeting for requirement		
Whether installing site	Maintenance space is meeting for requirement.		
is meet for requirements	Noise and vibration is meeting for requirement.		
	Sun radiation and rain or snow proof measures are meeting for requirements.		
	External physical is meeting for requirement.		
	Pipe diameter is meeting for requirement		
	The length of system is meeting for requirement		
	Water discharge is meeting for requirement		
	Water quality control is meeting for requirement		
Whether water system	Flexible tube's interface is meeting for requirement		
is meeting for requirements	Pressure control is meeting for requirement		
	Thermal insulation is meeting for requirement		
	Wire capacity is meeting for requirement		
	Switch capacity is meeting for requirement		
	Fuse capacity is meeting for requirement		
	Voltage and frequency are meeting for requirement		
	Connecting tightly between wires		
Whether electric wiring	Operation control device is meeting for requirement		
system is meeting for requirements	Safety device is meeting for requirement		
	Chained control is meeting for requirement		
	Phase sequence of power supply is meeting for requirement		

6.3 Trial run

- 6.3.1 Start up the controller and check whether the unit displays a fault code. If a fault occurs, remove the fault first, and start the unit according to the operating method in the "unit control instruction", after determining that there is no fault existing in the unit.
- 6.3.2 Conduct trial run for 30 min. When the influent and effluent temperature becomes stabilized, adjust the water flow to nominal value, to ensure normal operation of the unit.
- 6.3.3 After the unit is shut down, it should be put into operation 10 min later, to avoid frequent start-up of the unit. In the end, check whether the unit meets the requirements according to the contents in Table 9.1.



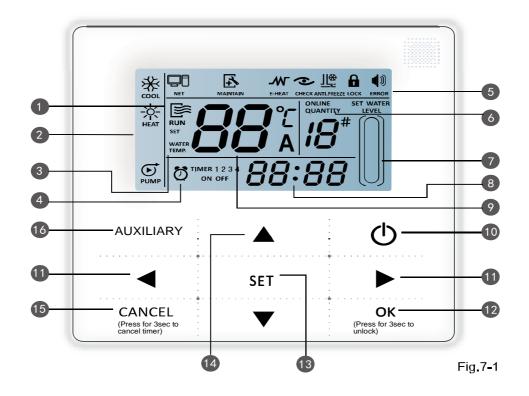
CAUTION

- The unit can control start-up and shut-down of the unit, so when the water system is flushed, the operation of the pump should not be controlled by the unit.
- Do not start up the unit before draining the water system completely.

7. USE

7.1 Use conditions of the unit

- The target flow controller must be installed correctly. The wires of the target flow controller must be connected according to electric control schematic diagram, or the faults caused by water breaking while the unit is in operation should be the user's responsibility.
- Do not re-start the unit within 10 min after the unit is shut down during trial run.
- When the unit is used frequently, do not cut off the power supply after the unit is shut down; otherwise the compressor cannot be heated, thus leading to its damages.
- If the unit is not in service for a long time, and the power supply needs to be cut off, the unit should be connected to the power supply 12 hours prior to re-starting of the unit, to pre-heat the compressor.



- 1. Operation icon
- 2. Mode area
- 3. Setting temperature
- 4. Timing On/Off
- 5. Function Icon
- 6. On-line Unit Qty. Indication
- 7. Reserved
- 8. Clock
- 9. Water temp.

- 10.ON/OFF Key
- 11.Right, Left Right Key
- 12.OK key
- 13. Setting key
- 14. Add, Reduce key
- 15. Cancel key
- 16. Reserved. key

7.2 Operating instructions of buttons

- Operation icon

 : Indicate the ON and OFF status; when it is ON, it will display; when it is OFF, it will disappear;
- Mode area: Indicate the main unit operating mode;
- Setting temperature: 3 status can be displayed:

SET ; WATER WATER TEMP.

▼ Timing ON/OFF indication

▼ Timer 12 3 Indicate the timing information;

Function icon

- 1) Computer: Display when connects to computer;
- Maintenance: When the icon is lighted on it means should arrange professionals to do the cleaning maintenance; long press "AUXILIARY" for 3 seconds then this icon will be off, until the next maintenance:
- E-heating: Display when the electric auxiliary heating water function is operated;
- 4) Check: Display when check function is operated;
- 5) Anti-freezing: Display when the main unit ambient temperature is below 2°C, to remind the main unit should be do the anti-freezing measurement;
- 6) Lock: When the icon is lighted on, it means the button has been locked (no keys operation for 2 minutes), long press "OK" key for 3 seconds to unlock;
- 7) Error: When the main unit has error or protection, this icon will be displayed. The unit need to be maintained by professionals.
- On-line unit qty. indication: Under normal status display the quantity of the units connected to the wired controller; under check status display the device serial number;
- Reserved;
- 8 Clock: Under normal status display clock; during timing setting it displays the setting timing time;
- Water temperature: Under normal status display water temperature; during water temperature setting it displays the setting numerical value; under the check status display check parameter;

Wired controller the check sequence is as follows:

1	Outlet water temperature Tou->
2	Inlet water temperature Tin->
3	Outdoor ambient temperatures T4->
4	Outdoor pipe temperatureT3A->
5	Outdoor pipe temperatureT3B->
6	Current of the compressor IA->
7	Current of the compressor IB->
8	Anti-frozen temperature T6->
9	Electronic expansion valv opening FA->
10	Electronic expansion valv opening FB->
11	Last one error or protection ->
12	Last second error or protection->
13	Last third error or protection ->
1	Outlet water temperature Tou

- ON/OFF key: On and Off functions;
- Right, Left key: Under main page to press this key can query the setting water temperature, setting timing etc; during timing setting press the right key then shift to the next step setting; during spot check they are used to turn over the unit parameter information;
- OK key: After setting the parameter then press this key to confirm. After keys locking then long press this key for 3 seconds to unlock;
- Setting key: Setting the water temperature, timing, mode etc, long press this key for 3 seconds enter to the check;
- Add, Reduce key: Setting water temperature, timing, water level etc; during spot check they are used to read over #0∼#15 units;

- **Cancel key:** During setting parameters press this key to cancel setting. After timing setting and then long press this key 3 seconds to cancel timing;
- 16 Reserved key.

7.3 ON/OFF

Follow the following diagram for system ON/OFF

Power up to module unit and initially deliver power to wired controller. Press "setting" key to set the intended mode. Press "Add/Reduce" key to set the intended temperature. Press "OK" key to save the settings. Unit will run after press "ON/OFF" key 7 minutes later.

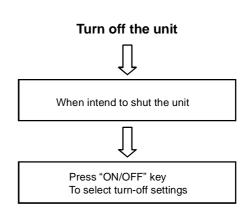


Fig.7-2

7.4 Control and protection function of unit

The unit has the following protection functions

- 1) Current cut-off protection
- 2) Power supply phase sequence protection
- 3) Protection for over-low suction pressure
- 4) Protection for compressor overcurrent

- 5) Protection for compressor overload
- 6) Anti-freezing protection
- 7) Protection for over-high discharge pressure
- 8) Protection for outlet and inlet water temperature difference

The unit also has other control functions:

- 1) Manual test function
- 2) Plug and play system
- 3) RS-485/RS232 Standard serial communication port.

7.5 Troubleshooting

Table 7-1

Error	Possible reason	Detect and settle measure		
	Air or other non-condensing gas still in the system	Discharge gas from fluorin charging inlet. Re-vacuum the system if necessary.		
Over high air	Fins in the condenser are dirty or foreign substance blocking fins.	Clean condenser fins.		
discharge pressure (Cooling operation)	Insufficient chilling air volume or condenser fan error	Check and repair the condenser fan, recover the normal operation		
	Excessive high air suction pressure	See "Excessive high air suction pressure"		
	Excessive refrigerant charging volume	Discharge the excessive refrigerant		
	Over high ambient temperature	Check ambient temperature		
Over low air	Over cool air in the side of air heat exchanger	Check ambient temperature		
discharge pressure (Cooling operation)	Refrigerant leakage or insufficient r efrigerant volume	Test leakage or charge sufficient refrigerant to the system		
	Excessive low air suction pressure	See "Excessive low air suction pressure"		
Over high air suction pressure	Excessive refrigerant charging volume	Discharge the excessive refrigerant		
(Cooling operation)	Over high temperature in chilling water inlet	Check thermal insulation layer of water pipe and the specification of this layer		
	Insufficient water flow volume	Check temperature difference at water inlet and outlet, and adjust the water flow volume		
Over low air suction pressure	Over low temperature in chilling water inlet and outlet	Check and installation state		
(Cooling operation)	Refrigerant leakage or insufficient refrigerant volume	Test leakage or charge sufficient refrigerant to the system		
	Incrustant in evaporator	Eliminate incrustant		
	Insufficient water flow	Check temperature difference at water inlet and outlet, and adjust the water flow volume		
Over high air discharge pressure	Air or other non-condensing gas still in the system	Discharge gas from fluorin charging inlet. Re-vacuum the system if necessary.		
(Heating operation)	Incrustant in water side of heat exchanger	Eliminate incrustant		
	Over high temperature in chilling water inlet	Check water temperature		
	Excessive high air suction pressure	See "Excessive high air suction pressure"		
Over low air	Over low temperature of chilling water	Check chilling water temperature		
discharge pressure (Heating operation)	Refrigerant leakage or insufficient refrigerant volume	Test leakage or charge sufficient refrigerant to the system		
(33, 3, 1, 3, 3, 7, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Excessive low air suction pressure	See "Excessive low air suction pressure"		
Over high air	Over heat air in the side of air heat exchanger	Check ambient temperature around it		
suction pressure (Heating operation)	Excessive refrigerant charging volume	Discharge the excessive refrigerant		
	Insufficient refrigerant charging volume	Charge sufficient refrigerant to the system		
Over low air suction pressure	Insufficient air flow volume	Check fan rotating direction		
(Heating operation)	Air loop short-circuit	Reason about remove air short-circuit		
	Insufficient frost-removal operation	Error comes out from 4-way valve or thermal resistor. Replace a new one if necessary.		
Compressor stops because of freeze-proof	Insufficient chilling water flow volume	Error comes from pump or flow-type water volume control. Check and repair or replace a new one.		
protection (Cooling	Gas still in water loop	Discharge air		
operation)	Thermal resistor error	Upon error have been confirmed, please replace a new one.		
Compressor stops because	Over high air expelling pressure	See "Over high air expelling pressure"		
of Hi-pressure protection	Hi-pressure switch error	Upon error have been confirmed, please replace a new one.		

Table 7-1

Error	Possible reason	Detect and settle measure			
	Over high air expelling pressure and air suction pressure	See "Over high air expelling pressure" and "Over high air suction pressure"			
Compressor stops because of motor	Hi-voltage or Lo-voltage, signal phase or phase unbalance	Confirm voltage not higher or lower than the rated voltage 20V			
Overcurrent.	Short circuit comes out from motor or connecting interface	Confirm resistors at motor are connected corresponding to terminals			
	Overcurrent assembly error	Replace a new one			
Compressor stops	Over high or over low voltage	Confirm voltage not higher or lower than the rated voltage 20V			
because of integrate temperature sensor or air discharge	Over high air expelling pressure or excessive low air suction pressure	See "Over high air expelling pressure" and "excessive low air suction pressure"			
temperature protection.	Component error	Check the integrated temperature sensor after motor is cool down.			
Compressor stops	Filter in front (or rear) of expanding valve is blocked	Replace a new filter			
because of Lopressure protection	Lo-voltage switch error	If the switch is defective, please replace a new one.			
protoction	Excessive low air suction pressure	See "Excessive low air suction pressure"			
Abnormal noise gives out form compressor	Liquid refrigerant flows into compressor from evaporator result in liquid slugging.	Adjust refrigerant charge volume			
out form compressor	Aging of compressor	Replace a new compressor			
	Overcurrent relay trip up, fuse burnt out	Replace damaged assembly			
	Control circuit without power though	Check the wring of control system			
	Hi-voltage or lo-voltage protection	Reference to mention in above the parts of air suction and discharge pressure error			
Compressor is unable	Coils in contactor are burnt out	Replace damaged assembly			
to drive	Wrong connection of phase sequence	Re-connect and adjust the any 2 wires among 3 phases			
	Water system error and flow type volume controller short connection	Check water system			
	Error signal delivered from wire controller	Find out the error type and carry out the corresponding measure to settle			
Air side heat exchanger	4-way valve or thermal resistor error	Check the running state. Replace a new one if necessary.			
excessive frost	Air loop short-circuit	Settle the short-circuit of air discharge			
With noise	Fixing screws at panel are loosen	Fix up all assemblies			

8 MAINTENANCE AND UPKEEP

8.1 Failure information and code

In case the unit runs under abnormal condition, failure protection code will display on both control panel and wired controller, and the indicator on the wired controller will flash with 5Hz. The display codes are shown in the following table:

Table 8-1

No.	Code	Reason			
1	E0	Error of outdoor EEPROM			
2	E1	Power phase sequence error			
3	E2	Communication error			
4	E3	Error of total outlet water.temp sensor(Be valid for main unit)			
5	E4	Error of unit outlet water.temp sensor			
6	E5	Pipe temperature sensor in condenser A error			
7	E6	Pipe temperature sensor in condenser B error			
8	E7	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor error			
9	E8	Output of the power protector error			
10	E9	Water flow detection error(manual recovery)			
11	EA	(Reserved failure code)			
12	Eb	Freeze-proof temperature sensor in shell and tube exchanger error			
13	EC	Wire control detect that the units on-line have decreased.			
14	Ed	(Reserved failure code)			
15	EF	Error of inlet water temperature sensor			
16	P0	High pressure or air discharge temperature protection error in system A (manual recovery)			
17	P1	Low pressure protection System A (manual recovery)			
18	P2	High pressure or air discharge temperature protection in system B (manual recovery)			
19	P3	Low pressure protection System B (manual recovery)			
20	P4	Current protection in system A (manual recovery)			
21	P5	Current protection in system B (manual recovery)			
22	P6	Condenser high temperature protection in system A			
23	P7	Condenser high temperature protection in system B			
24	P8	(Reserved failure code)			
25	P9	Protection of outlet and inlet water temperature difference			
26	PA	Low ambient temperature drive-up protection			
27	Pb	System anti-frozen protection			
28	PC	Anti-freezing pressure protection of the system A (manual recovery)			
29	Pd	Anti-freezing pressure protection of the system B (manual recovery)			
30	PE	Low-temperature protection of evaporator (manual recovery)			

8.2 Ordinary displayed data

- a. Ordinary displayed data are displayed in all display pages.
- b. If the unit system is under running state, i.e. one or more than one modular unit is under running operation, there will be a dynamic display of the system is under OFF state, there is no display.
- c. If the communication with the main unit modular unit is fail, it displays E2
- d. If it is under the host computer network control, \mathbb{N} of \mathbb{C} displays, otherwise there is no display.
- e. If it is under wired controller locked or button locked state, it displays $\hat{\Box}$ the lock mark. There will be no display after the lock is unlocked.

8.3 Treatment of display data

The data display area is divided into Up area and Down area, with two groups of two-digit half 7-segment digital display, respectively.

a. Temperature display

b. Current display

Current display is used for displaying modular unit system A compressor current IA or system B compressor current IB, with allowable display scope 0A~99A. If it is higher than 99A, it is displayed as 99A. If there is no effective date, it displays "——" and indication point A is on.

c. Failure display

It is used for displaying the total failure warning date of unit or that of modular unit, with failure display scope E0~EF, E indicating failure, 0~F indicating failure code. "E-" is displayed when there is no failure and indication point 夢 is on at the same time.

d. Protection display

It is used for displaying the total system protection data of unit or the system protection data of modular unit, with protection display scope P0~PF, P indicating system protection, 0~F indicating protection code. "P-" is displayed when there is no failure .

e. Unit number display

It is used for displaying the address number of the currently selected modular unit, with display scope 0~15 and indication point # is on at the same time.

f. Display of online unit number and startup unit number They are used for displaying the total online modular units of the whole unit system and the number of the modular unit under running state, respectively, with display scope 0~16. Any time when the spot check page is entered to display or change modular unit, it is needed to wait for the up-to-date data of the modular unit received and selected by wired controller. Before receiving the data, the wired controller only displays "——" on the data display Down area, and the Up area displays the address number of the modular unit. No page can be turned, which continues until the wired controller receives the communication data of this modular unit.

8.4 Main page display

Main page display consists of several pages and the total number of pages is not fixed.

- a. The default display is the first page; other pages are displayed by pressing page-up/down button circularly.
- b. The first page of data display Down area displays the total outlet water temperature, and then the total outlet water temperature and the outlet water temperature are displayed according to the page number circularly and in turn.
- c. The first page of data display Up area displays the number of online units, and the second page displays the number of startup running units
- d. When all the pages of the main page data are displayed, continue to press page-down button to display the first page, and press page-up from the first page to display the last page.

8.5 Query display

Press the "▲" or "▼" key of wire controller to adjust the main unit serial number can query 16 sets main units' status information from #0~#15. Press " ◀ " or " ▶ " to adjust the spot check sequence number of one main unit then can query all the status information of this unit.

Spot check content according to the main unit model wired controller:

1	Outlet water temperature Tou->	8	Anti-frozen temperature T6->
2	Inlet water temperature Tin->	9	Electronic expansion valv opening FA->
3	Outdoor ambient temperatures T4->	10	Electronic expansion valv opening FB->
4	Outdoor pipe temperatureT3A->	11	Last one error or protection ->
5	Outdoor pipe temperatureT3B->	12	Last second error or protection->
6	Current of the compressor IA->	13	Last third error or protection ->
7	Current of the compressor IB->	1	Outlet water temperature Tou

8.6 Care and maintenance

Maintenance period

It's recommended that before cooling in summer and heating in winter every year, consult local air conditioner customer service center to check and maintain the unit, to prevent air conditioner errors which bring inconvenience to your life and work.

Maintenance of main parts

- Close attention should be paid to the discharge and suction pressure during the running process. Find out reasons and eliminate the failure if abnormality is found.
- Control and protect the equipment. See to it that no random adjustment be made on the set points on site.
- Regularly check whether the electric connection is loose, and whether there is bad contact at the contact point caused by oxidation and debris etc., and take timely measures if necessary. Frequently check the work voltage, current and phase balance.
- Check the reliability of the electric elements in time. Ineffective and unreliable elements should be replaced in time.

8.7 Removing scale

After long-time operation, calcium oxide or other minerals will be settled in the heat transfer surface of the water-side heat exchanger. These substances will affect the heat transfer performance when there is too much scale in the heat transfer surface and sequentially cause that electricity consumption increases and the discharge pressure is too high (or suction pressure too low). Organic acids such as formic acid, citric acid and acetic acid may be used to clean the scale. But in no way should cleaning agent containing fluoroacetic acid or fluoride should be used as the water-side heat exchange is made from stainless steel and is easy to be eroded to cause refrigerant leakage. Pay attention to the following aspects during the cleaning and scale-removing process:

• Water-side heat exchanger should be done be professionals. Please contact the local air-conditioner customer service center.

- Clean the pipe and heat exchanger with clean water after cleaning agent is used. Conduct water treatment to prevent water system from being eroded or re-absorption of scale.
- In case of using cleaning agent, adjust the density of the agent, cleaning time and temperature according to the scale settlement condition.
- After pickling is completed, neutralization treatment needs to be done on the waste liquid. Contact relevant company for treating the treated waste liquid.
- Protection equipments (such as goggles, gloves, mask and shoes) must be used during the cleaning process to avoid breathing in or contacting the agent as the cleaning agent and neutralization agent is corrosive to eyes, skins and nasal mucosa.

8.8 Winter shutdown

For shutdown in winter, the surface of the unit outside and inside should be cleaned and dried. Cover the unit to prevent dust. Open discharge water valve to discharge the stored water in the clean water system to prevent freezing accident (it is preferable to inject antifreezer in the pipe).

8.9 Replacing parts

Parts to be replaced should be the ones provided by our company. Never replace any part with different part.

8.10 First startup after shutdown

The following preparations should be made for re-startup of unit after long-time shutdown:

- 1) Thoroughly check and clean the unit.
- 2) Clean water pipe system.
- 3) Check pump, control valve and other equipments of water pipe system.
- 4) Fix connections of all wires.
- 5) It is a must to electrify the machine before startup.

8.11 Refrigeration system

Determine whether refrigerant is needed by checking the value of suction and discharge pressure and check whether there is a leakage. Air tight test must be made if there is a leakage or parts of refrigerating system is to be replaced. Take different measures in the following two different conditions from refrigerant injection.

1) Total leakage of refrigerant. In case of such situation, leakage

- 1) Total leakage of refrigerant. In case of such situation, leakage detection must be made on the pressurized nitrogen used for the system. If repair welding is needed, welding cannot be made until all the gas in the system is discharged. Before injecting refrigerant, the whole refrigeration system must be completely dry and of vacuum pumping.
- Connect vacuum pumping pipe at the fluoride nozzle at low-pressure side.
- Remove air from the system pipe with vacuum pump. The vacuum pumping lasts for above 3 hours. Confirm that the indication pressure in dial gauge is within the specified scope.
- When the degree of vacuum is reached, inject refrigerant into the refrigeration system with refrigerant bottle. Appropriate amount of refrigerant for injection has been indicated on the nameplate and the table of main technical parameters. Refrigerant must be injected from the low pressure side of system.
- The injection amount of refrigerant will be affected by the ambient temperature. If the required amount has not been reached but no more injection can be done, make the chilled water circulate and start up the unit for injection. Make the low pressure switch temporarily short circuit if necessary.
- 2) Refrigerant supplement. Connect refrigerant injection bottle on the fluoride nozzle at low-pressure side and connect pressure gauge at low pressure side.
- Make chilled water circulate and start up unit, and make the low pressure control switch short circuit if necessary.
- Slowly inject refrigerant into the system and check suction and discharge pressure.



CAUTION

- Connection must be renewed after injection is completed.
- Never inject oxygen, acetylene or other flammable or poisonous gas to the refrigeration system at leakage detection and air tight test. Only pressurized nitrogen or refrigerant can be used.

8.12 Disassembling compressor

Follow the following procedures if compressor needs to be disassembled:

- 1) Cut off the power supply of unit.
- 2) Remove power source connection wire of compressor.
- 3) Remove suction and discharge pipes of compressor.
- 4) Remove fastening screw of compressor.
- 5) Move the compressor.

8.13 Auxiliary electric heater

When the ambient temperature is lower than $2^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$, the heating efficiency decreases with the decline of the outdoor temperature. In order to make the air-cooled heat pump stably run in a relatively cold region and supplement some heat lost due to de-frosting. When the lowest ambient temperature in the user's region in winter is within $0^{\circ}\mathbb{C} \sim 10^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$, the user may consider to use auxiliary electric heater. Please refer to relevant professionals for the power of auxiliary electric heater.

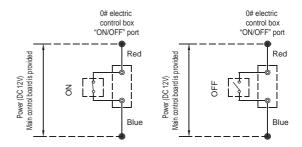
8.14 System antifreezing

In case of freezing at the water-side heat exchanger interval channel, severe damage may be caused, i.e. heat exchange may be broken and appears leakage. This damage of frost crack is not within the warranty scope, so attention must be paid to antifreezing.

- 1) If the unit that is shutdown for standby is placed in an environment where the outdoor temperature is lower than $0\,^\circ\!\text{C}$, the water in the water system should be drained.
- 2) Water pipe may be frozen when the chilled water target flow controller and anti-freezing temperature senor become ineffective at running, therefore, the target flow controller must be connected in accordance with the connection diagram.
- 3) Frost crack may happen to water-side heat exchanger at maintenance when refrigerant is injected to the unit or is discharged for repair. Pipe freezing is likely to happen any time when the pressure of refrigerant is below 0.4Mpa. Therefore, the water in the heat exchanger must be kept flowing or be thoroughly discharged.

8.15 Wiring of "ON/OFF" weak electric port

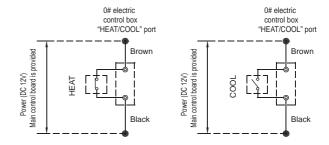
First, corresponding parallel connect the "ON/OFF" port of the main unit's electric control box,then, connect the "ON/OFF" signal (provide by user) to the "ON/OFF" port of main unit as follows.



If the "ON/OFF" port is effective ,the "Net on" icon of the wire controller will be flashing.

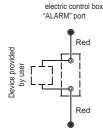
8.16 Wiring of "HEAT/COOL" weak electric port

First, corresponding parallel connect the "HEAT/COOL" port of the main unit's electric control box,then, connect the "ON/OFF" signal (provide by user) to the "HEAT/COOL" port of main unit as follows.



8.17 Wiring of "ALARM" port

Connect the device provided by user to the "ALARM" ports of the module units as follows.



If the unit is operating unnormally,the ALARM port is closed,otherwise,the ALARM port is not closed.

RECORD TABLE OF TEST RUN AND MAINTENANCE

Table 8-2

Model:	Serial Number:						
Customer name and address:	Date:						
Whether there is sufficient water flow passing waterside heat exchanger? ()							
2. Whether leakage detection has been made on all the water pipe? ()							
3. Whether pump, fan and motor are lubricated	? ()						
4. Whether unit has been through 30-minute o	peration? ()						
5. Check temperature of chilled water or hot w	ater						
Inlet () Outlet (
6. check air temperature of air-side heat excha	inger:						
Inlet () Outlet (
7. Check refrigerant suction temperature and s	superheating temperature:						
Refrigerant suction temperature: () ()()()()						
Superheating temperature: () () () ()							
8. Check pressure:							
Discharge pressure: ()()()()							
Suction pressure: () () () ()							
9. Check running current: () () () ()							
10. Whether unit has been through refrigerant leakage test? ()							
11. Whether unit inside and outside is cleared? ()							
12. Whether there is noise on all the panels of	unit? ()						
13. Check whether the main power source connection is correct. ()							

RECORD TABLE OF ROUTINE RUNNING

Table 8-3

Model:									
Date:									
Weather:									
Operation ti	me: Startup ()		Shutc	down ()		
Outdoor	Dry bulb	°C							
temperature	Wet bulb	°C							
Indoor	temperature	°C							
	High pressure	MPa							
0	Low pressure	MPa							
Compressor	Voltage	V							
	Current	A							
Air temperature of air-side heat exchanger	Inlet (dry bulb)	°C							
	Outlet (dry bulb)	°C							
Temperature	Inlet	°C							
of chilled water or hot water	Outlet	°C							
Current of cooling water pump or hot water pump		A							
Note:									

9. APPLICABLE MODELS AND MAIN PARAMETERS

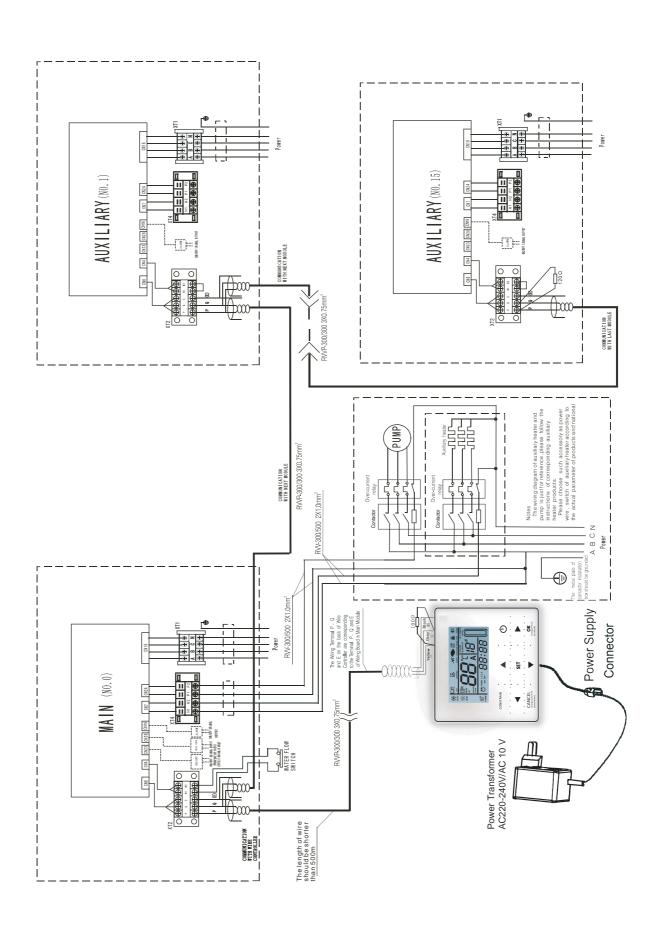
Table 9-1

Model		MUEN-30-H6T			
Cooling capacity kW		30			
Heating capacity	kW	32			
Cooling consuming power	kW	10.0			
Cooling standard current	A	16.3			
Heating consuming power	kW	9.8			
Heating standard current	A	16.0			
Power	supply	380-415V 3N~50Hz			
Operatio	n control	Control of wired controller, manual/auto startup, running state display, failure alert etc.			
Safety	device	High or low pressure switch, freeze-proof device, water flow volume controller, Overcurrent device, power phase sequence device etc.			
Refrigerant	Туре	R410a			
Kenigerani	Chargeing volume kg	3.5×2			
	Waterflow volume m³/h	5.2			
	Hydraulic resistance lose kPa	60			
Water pipe system	Water side heat exchanger	double-pipe heat exchanger			
	Max. pressure MPa	1.0			
	water pipe diameter	40mm			
	Туре	Fin coil model			
Air side heat exchanger	Air flow volume				
	m³/h	12000			
	L mm	1514			
Outline dimension	W mm	841			
	H mm	1865			
N.W. of the unit	kg	375			
Operation Weight	kg	400			
Packing dimension L×W×H mm		1590×995×2065			

Notes: the above data is measured base on the following working condition. cooling mode under nominal working condition: water flow 0.172m³/(h•kW), outlet water temperature of chilled

water 7 °C, air inlet temperature of condenser 35 °C.
Heating mode under nominal working condition: water flow 0.172m³/(h•kW), outlet water temperature of hot water 45 °C, air inlet temperature of condenser DB/WB 7/6 °C.

Attached Drawing (I) Networking Communication Schematic of Main Unit and Auxiliary Unit



10. WIRE CONTROLLER (KJR-120D/BMK-E)

1. Safety precautions

The following contents are stated on the product and the operationmanual, including usage, precautions against personal harm and property loss, and the methods of using the product correctly and safely. After fully understanding the following contents (identifiers and icons), read the text body and observe the following rules.

Identifier description

Identifier	Meaning				
Warning	Means improper handling may lead to personal death or severe injury.				
A Caution	Means improper handling may lead to personal injury or property loss.				

[Note]: 1. "Harm" means injury, burn and electric shock which need long-term treatment but need no hospitalization.

2. "Property loss" means loss of properties and materials.

Icon description

Icon	Meaning
	It indicates forbidding. The forbidden subject-matter is indicated in the icon or by images or characters aside.
0	It indicates compulsory implementation. The compulsory subject-matter is indicated in the icon or by images or characters aside.

Warning

A Warning	Delegate installation	Please entrust the distributor or professionals to install the unit. The installers must have the relevant know-how. Improper installation performed by the user without permission may cause fire, electric, shock, personal injury or water leakage.
	Forbid	Do not spray flammable aerosol to the wire controller directly. Otherwise, fire may occur.
Usage Warning	Forbid	Do not operate with wet hands or let water enter the wire controller. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.



WARNING

- Please entrust the distributor or professionals to install the unit
- Imporper installation may lead to electric shock or fire



CAUTION

- For protecting the device, do not repeatedly or quickly shift modes. Each wire controller operation to off the unit, it must be waited for 3 minutes or waited for all the units stopped then can re-operate the wire controller to start the outdoor unit.
- The wire controller is supplied 10V AC current by the adapter.
- Do not install the unit in a place vulnerable to leakage of flammable gases. Once flammable gases are leaked and left around the wire controller, fire may occur.

2. Overview of wired controller

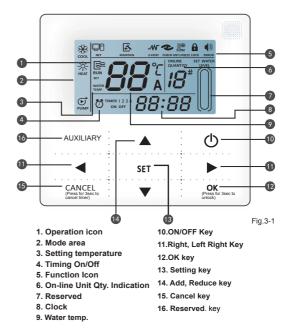
2.1 Basic conditions of operating the wired controller:

- 1) Applicable range of supply voltage:Input voltage is 10V AC.
- 2) Operating environment temperature of wired controller: -10°C~+43°C.
- 3) Operating RH of wired controller: RH 40%~RH90%.

2.2 Main functions of this wire controller as follows:

- 1) Touch key operation;
- 2) LCD displays operation parameters;
- 3) Multiple timer;
- 4) Buzzer prompt tone and alarm functions;
- 5) Real-time clock function.

3. Overview



- Operation icon
 : Indicate the ON and OFF status; when it is ON, it will display; when
 it is OFF, it will disappear;
- Mode area: Indicate the main unit operating mode; details refer to Page 15;
- 3 Setting temperature: 2 status can be displayed:
- 5 Function icon
 - 1) Computer: Display when connects to computer;
 - 2) Maintenance: When the icon is lighted on it means should arrange professionals to do the cleaning maintenance; long press "AUXILIARY" for 3 seconds then this icon will be off, until the next maintenance;
 - 3) E-heating: Display when the electric auxiliary heating water function is operated;
 - 4) Check: Display when check function is operated;
 - 5) Anti-freezing: Display when the main unit ambient temperature is below 2 $^{\circ}$ C, to remind the main unit should be do the anti-freezing measurement;
 - 6) Lock: When the icon is lighted on, it means the button has been locked (no keys operation for 2 minutes), long press "OK" key for 3 seconds to unlock:
 - 7) Error: When the main unit has error or protection, this icon will be displayed. The unit need to be maintained by professionals.
- On-line unit qty. indication: Under normal status display the quantity of the units connected to the wire controller; under check status display the device serial number;
- Reserved:
- 3 Clock: Under normal status display clock; during timing setting it displays the setting timing time, details refer to Page 10;
- Water temperature: Under normal status display water temperature; during water temperature setting it displays the setting numerical value; under the check status display check parameter;
- ON/OFF key: On and Off functions;
- Right, Left key: Under main page to press this key can query the setting water temperature, setting timing etc; during timing setting press the right key then shift to the next step setting; during spot check they are used to turn over the unit parameter information;
- OK key: After setting the parameter then press this key to confirm. After keys locking then long press this key for 3 seconds to unlock;
- Setting key: Setting the water temperature, timing, mode etc, long press this key for 3 seconds enter to the check:
- Add, Reduce key: Setting water temperature, timing, water level etc; during spot check they are used to read over #0~#15 units;
- Cancel key: During setting parameters press this key to cancel setting. After timing setting and then long press this key 3 seconds to cancel timing;
- 18 Reserved key

4. Operation instruction

4.1 On and Off the main unit

- 1) Press the On/Off key to control On and Off status of the main unit.
- 2) Under Off status, press the On/Off key " ① " to operate the main unit, at that time the LCD of wire controller will display the operation icon " ?. The main unit will be operated as the current setting of the wire controller.
- 3) Under On status, press the On/Off key "O" to off the main unit, at that time the operation icon """ on the LCD of wire controller will disappear.



Fig.4-1

4.2 Setting operating modes and parameters

Press "Setting" key to enter the operation mode and parameters setting. The setting contents will change as the following order each time the key is pressed:



1) Setting water temperature: under main page directly press the "▲" or "▼" to adjust the water temperature, or press "Setting" key to enter and then press "▲" or "▼" to adjust. At that time the LCD will display "Setting temperature" and "Water temperature parameter", as the following display. Query water temperature setting: press the "◄" or "▶" key under the main page to query the set water temperature numerical value.

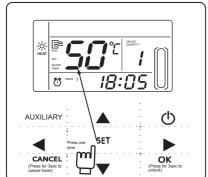


Fig.4

2) Timing setting: can set 3 timing periods on the wire controller: Timer 1, Timer 2, Timer 3, and then control the main unit to ON and OFF in different periods. Setting method: press "Setting" key under main page twice to enter timing setting. At that time the LCD will display as the following:





_____ Fig.4-4

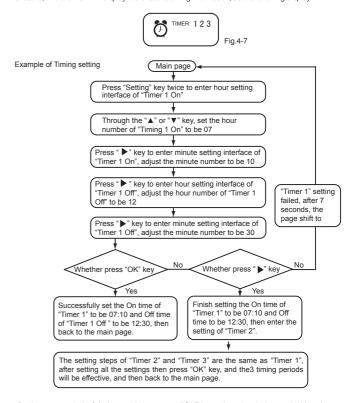
This time the hour of the clock will flash, it means the current setting is the hour of Timer 1 "On", press the "▲" or "♥" to adjust, press "▶" key when finished, and then the minute of the clock will flash, it means the current setting is the minute of Timer 1 "On", press the "▲" or "♥" to adjust, press "▶" key when finished, the LCD will display as the following:



This time the hour of the clock will flash, it means the current setting is the hour of Timer 1 "Off", press the $^{\star}\Delta$ " or " * " to adjust, press " \blacktriangleright " key when finished, and then the minute of the clock will flash, it means the current setting is the minute of Timing 1 "Off", press the " Δ " or " \blacktriangledown " to adjust, press " \blacktriangleright " key when finished, the LCD will display as the following:



At this time the hour of the clock will flash, it means the current setting is the hour of the Timer 2 "On", and the follow setting method will be the same of the Timer 1. Similarly, the setting of Timing 3 is the same with this method. After setting, press "OK" key or wait for 7 seconds then the setting to be effective, and the LCD will display the effective timing information, as the following display:



During any period of timing setting to press "OK" key , then the timing period has been set will be effective (only when the "On" and "Off" of one timing period have been set then this period setting can be finished).

Press "Cancel" then cancel the setting. Query timing information: if query the timing hour which has been set, press " ◀ " or " ▶ " key under main page, the On and Off time of Timer1, Timer 2 and Timer3 will be displayed in turns.

Cancel timing: long press "Cancel" key for 3 seconds, then all the effective timing periods will be cancelled.

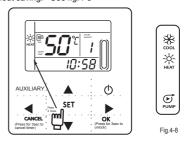


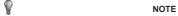
To avoid the timing error, each period of timing should not be crossed. E.g.:



3) Set working mode

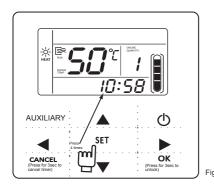
Press "SET" key 3 times to enter the working mode setting when the main unit is off power. press the "▲" or "♥" key to adjust , press "OK" key or wait for 7 seconds to be effective, and back to the main page; During setting process to press "Cancel" key then will exit without saving. See fig.4-8





Working mode setting is valid only when the unit is power off.

4) Set clock



This time the hour of the clock will flash, it means the current setting is the hour of the clock, press the "▲" or "▼" to adjust, press " ▶" key when finished, and then the minute of the clock will flash, it means the current setting is the minute of the clock, press the "▲" or "▼" to adjust, press " OK "key when finished or wait for 7 seconds to be effective; during the setting process press the "Cancel" key, then it will exit without saving.



For getting the correct timing on and timing off hour, please correctly set the clock!

4.3 Combination of key functions

- 1) HYSTERESIS setting function
- 1: Through the hysteresis setting, the system can adjust the load effectively.
- 2:The adjusting logic of cooling mode : (the parameter of δ_1 , δ_2 , Tj1 and Tj2 are decided by the outdoor unit)

Unit start temperautre	Tal. ≥Ts+ δ1
Loading region	Tal>Ts+ δ
Stable region	$Ts < T_{AL} \leqslant Ts + \delta$
Unloading region	Tj1 <t<sub>AL ≤Ts</t<sub>
Abrupt stop region	T _{AL} ≤ Tj1

3: The adjusting logic of heating mode: (the parameter of $\delta 1$, $\delta 2$, Tj1 and Tj2 are decided by the outdoor unit)

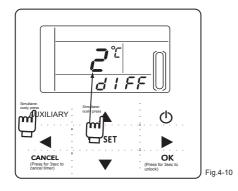
Unit start temperautre	$T_{AL} \leqslant T_S - \delta_2$
Loading region	Tal < Ts+1-δ
Stable region	Ts-1+ δ >Tal ≥Ts+1-δ
Unloading region	Ts-1+ δ≤Tal <tj2< th=""></tj2<>
Abrupt stop region	TAL ≥ Tj2

(TAL: total outlet water temperature)

Operation method: Turned off, press the "AUXILIARY" "▲"2 button for 3 seconds to enter

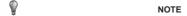
the hysteresis setting selection. Can be adjusted Hysteresis parameter δ = (2,3,4,5 °C). Press " \blacktriangleleft " or " \triangleright " key to select the desired value, 7S key operation or press the Enter key, then exit and save the settings and return to the main page. During setup, press the "Cancel" key,does not save the parameters and exit.

The factory default $\delta = 2^{\circ}C$



2) ADDRESS setting function

The address of wire controller can be set by pressing this button. The address range 0~15, therefore, 16 wire controller could be parallel at most. Operation method: Press "AUXILIARY" "▶" two button for 3 seconds to enter the wired remote address selection. Press "◄" or "▶" key to select the desired value. 7S key operation or press "OK" key to exit and save the settings and return Page. Not saved during set up, press the Cancel key parameters and exit.



When there is only one wire controller, it is necessary to execute this setting, the address of wire controller should be set to '0'(main wire controller).

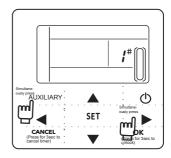
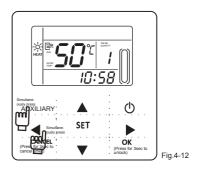


Fig.4-1

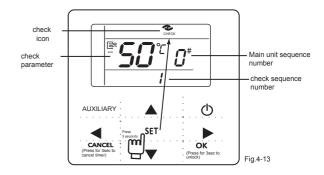
3) The fault is cleared

This feature can clear the fault and protection has been ruled out. Methods of operation: press the "AUXILIARY" " \blacktriangleleft " two button for 3 seconds to clear the fault. Page of the main page and Inspection press this key combination, you can clear the entire system fault, the fault code cleared at the same time.



4.4 Check

- 1) Check function allows the user to query all the operating parameters and error and protection information of the main unit.
- 2) Enter method: long press "Set" key for 3 seconds to enter check interface, as the figure display:



3) Press the "▲" or "▼" key to adjust the main unit serial number can query 16 sets main units' status information from #0∼#15. Press "◀" or "▶" to adjust the check sequence number of one main unit then can query all the status information of this unit. The check content according to the main unit model wire controller:

Table 4-1

1 outlet water temperature Tou->2, inlet water temperature Tin->

3 outdoor ambient temperatures T4->4, outdoor pipe temperatureT3A->

5 outdoor pipe temperatureT3B->6, current of the compressor IA->

7 current of the compressorIb->8, anti-frozen temperature T6->

9 electronic expansion valv opening FA->10, electronic expansion valv opening Fb->

11 Last one error or protection ->12, Last second error or protection->

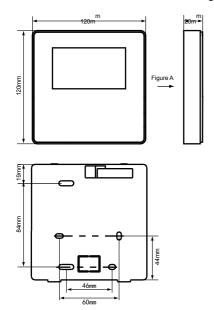
13 Last third error or protection ->1, outlet water temperature Tou------

5. Error alarm handling

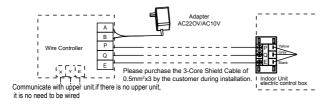
When the unit has error or protection, "¶®" icon will be flashed. Long press "Setting" for 3 seconds to enter spot check, and then press the "▲" or "▼" key to query the unit of 0-15#, if the error icon was on during query, that means the corresponding outdoor unit has error or protection at that time, and then can spot check the last 1, 2, 3 times error or protection of this outdoor unit. After clear the error or protection, the error icon will disappear.

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

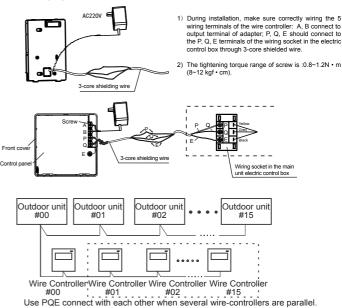
1. Wired remote controller structure size figure



2. Wiring principle sketch:



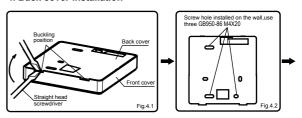
3. Wiring figure



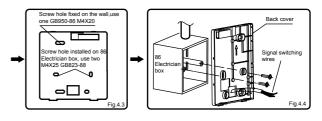


Please connect the attached shorted-wires to the corresponding communication port COM(I) or COM(O) in the main control board of the last parallel unit (dial code). Directly connect to the last parallel unit if only one unit is connected.

4. Back cover installation

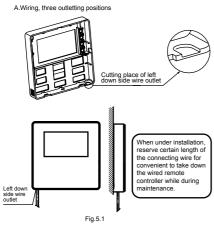


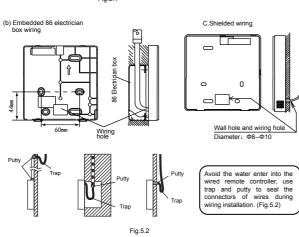
- Use straight head screwdriver to insert into the buckling position in the bottom of wire controller, and spin the screwdriver to take down the back cover. (Pay attention to spinning direction, otherwise will damage the back cover!) (Fig.4.1)
- 2) Use three GB950-86 M4X20 screws to directly install the back cover on the wall. (Fig.4.2) $\,$
- 3) Use two M4X25 GB823-88screws to install the back cover on the 86 electrician box, and use one GB950-86 M4X20 screws for fixing on the wall. (Fig.4.3)



- 4) Adjust the length of two plastic screw bars in the accessory to be standard length from the electrical box screw bar to the wall. Make sure when install the screw bar to the electrical box screw bar, make it as flat as the wall. (Fig. 4.4)
- 5) Use cross head screws to fix the wire controller bottom cover in the electric control box through the screw bar. Make sure the wire controller bottom cover is on the same level after installation, and then install the wire controller back to the bottom cover.
- 6) Over fasten the screw will lead to deformation of back cover

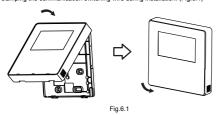
5. Wiring





6. Front cover installation

After adjusting the front cover and then buckle the front cover; avoid clamping the communication switching wire during installation. (Fig.6.1)



Correct install the back cover and firmly buckle the front cover and back cover, otherwise will make the front cover drop off. (Fig.6.2)

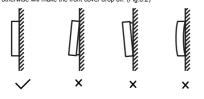


Fig.6.2

NOTES	
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